

Have any derogations received Academic Board approval?

MODULE SPECIFICATION PROFORMA

Module Title:	Criminology		Lev		5		edit ilue:	20	
Module code:	SOC563	Is this a new No module?			Code of module being replaced:				
Cost Centre(s):	GACJ	JACS3 code:			L310				
With effect from: September 17									
School:	Social & Life Sci	cciences Module Leader: Dr C			Caro Gorden				
Scheduled learning and teaching hours				36 hrs					
Guided independent study			164 hrs						
Placement			0 hrs						
Module duration (total hours)									200 hrs
Programme(s) in which to be offered							Core)	Option
BA (Hons) Criminology and Criminal Justice				✓					
BA (Hons) Policing				✓					
BA (Hons) Police and Criminal Justice Studies				✓					
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Pre-requisites									
N/A									
Office use only Initial approval: Date of revision:	December 2016 July 17			Version:	2				

Yes □ No □ N/A ✓

Module Aims

To enable students to understand the key concepts and theoretical approaches that have developed and are developing in relation to crime, victimisation and responses to crime and deviance.

Intended Learning Outcomes					
Key skills for employability					
K K K K K	 KS1 Written, oral and media communication skills KS2 Leadership, team working and networking skills KS3 Opportunity, creativity and problem solving skills KS4 Information technology skills and digital literacy KS5 Information management skills KS6 Research skills KS7 Intercultural and sustainability skills KS8 Career management skills KS9 Learning to learn (managing personal and professional development, selfmanagement) KS10 Numeracy 				
At	At the end of this module, students will be able to Key Skills			Skills	
1	Describe and critically examine a range of key concepts and theoretical approaches within criminology.		KS1	KS5	
			KS2	KS6	
		s the merits of competing theories and explanations of	KS3		
	crime a	and evaluate their application.	KS6		
	Explain and evaluate complex social problems in terms of criminological theories of crime, victimisation, and responses		KS1		
3	to crim	e and deviance.	KS6		
			KS1		
4			KS6		
		e an analytical account of social diversity and inequality			
		eir effects in relation to crime, victimisation and ses to crime and deviance.			

Transferable	Transferable skills and other attributes					
On successful completion of this modules students will have developed the following transferrable skills;						
Analytic and	expressive ski	lls;				
Developmen	t of IT skills;					
Developing of	ognitive abilitie	es and skills;				
Independent	learning.					
					_	
Derogations	S					
N/A						
Indicative A	ssessment:					
Exam: Close	d book but See	en. Students will answer	questions und	der exam cond	itions on the	
key criminolo	gical theories.					
	Lagration		T	I		
Assessment number	Learning Outcomes to be met	Type of assessment	Weighting (%)	Duration (if exam)	Word count (or equivalent if appropriate)	
1	1-4	Examination	100%	2 hours	N/A	
Learning an	d Teaching St	ratenies:				
			earning strate	eaies includina	n online	
The online module will use a range of teaching and learning strategies, including online lectures, face to face seminars, and the Moodle Virtual Learning Environment which includes						
web sites, reports, synchronous and asynchronous discussion.						
Syllabus outline:						
This module provides the student with knowledge and a critical appreciation of sociological						
and criminological theory that helps understand and analyse behaviours that are considered						
deviant and or criminal. The module will cover:						
□□An introduction to the sociology and criminology;						
□□Critically exploring the nature and definitions of 'crime' and 'offenders';						
□□An examination of reporting of crime including recorded crime, British Crime Survey; victimisation; self-report studies.						
□ Introduction to criminological theory;						
□□Classical & Positivist Schools;						
□ Strain Theory;						
□□Labelling Theory; □□Control Theory;						
□□Learning Theory;						
□ □ Marxist Theory;						
□□Feminist criminology;						

□□The New Right;
□□Routine Activities Theory;
□□Left Realism; □□Victims of Crime;
□□ Victims of Crime, □□ Environmental Criminology;
□□Republican Theory;
□□Critical Criminology.
Bibliography:
Essential reading
➤ Burke, R. H. (2002) An Introduction to Criminological Theory. Devon: Willan Publishing.
□□Jones, S. (2009) Criminology. 4th ed. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
□□Maguire, M .et al. (2007) The Oxford Handbook of Criminology. Oxford: Oxford University
Press.
□□Newburn, T. ed. (2009) Key Readings in Criminology. Devon: Willan.
□□Williams, K. (2008) Textbook on Criminology. 6th ed. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
Other indicative reading
> Hale, C. et al. (2009) Criminology. 2nd ed. Oxford University Press
□□Moyer, I. L. (2001) Criminological Theories: traditional and non-traditional voices and
themes.
California: Sage Publications.
□ Muncie, J. et al. (2001) Criminological Perspectives. Open University: Sage Publications. □ Vold, G. et al. (2002) Theoretical Criminology. 5th ed. New York: Oxford University Press.
□□Walklate, S. (2007) Understanding Criminology: current theoretical debates. Maidenhead:
Oxford University Press
□□White, R. and Haines, F. (2004) Crime and Criminology: An Introduction. Melbourne:
Oxford
University Press.
Relevant Journals
□□British Journal of Criminology
□ Howard Journal
□□British Journal of Social Work
□□Punishment and Society
□□Criminal Justice Studies
□□European Journal of Criminology
□□Youth Justice
□ Probation Journal
□□British Journal of Criminal and Community Justice
□□Prison Journal
□□Criminology and Criminal Justice